

## SAILING DIRECTIONS CORRECTIONS

**PUB 191**            **8 Ed 1996**            **LAST NM 35/00**

Page 68—Lines 20 to 29/L; read:

coastline rising steeply to a plateau. The small island of Brecqhou lies close off the W extremity. Little Sark, the S part of the island, is almost separated from the main part by a narrow and high isthmus. The shores of the island are indented by numerous small bays and coves. Numerous rocks and small islets front the island and close approach is only possible on the NW side.

(BA NP 27)

37/00

Page 68—Lines 47 to 57/L; read:

**Aspect.**—**Bec du Nez** (49°27'N., 2°22'W.) is the N most of a group of rocky islets lying on a reef, which extends about 0.2 mile NNW from the N extremity of Sark. A light is shown from a structure, 1m high, standing on Corbee du Nez, a rock lying close S of it.

A conspicuous tower stands on the N extremity of the island.

**Point Robert** (49°26'N., 2°21'W.), a rugged point, is located on the E coast of Sark, about 1.3 miles SE of Bec du Nez. A main light is shown from a prominent tower, 17m high, standing on this point.

L'Etac, a prominent islet, lies 0.4 mile SE of the S extremity of Little Sark. A conspicuous barracks block stands in the SE part of Little Sark. La Givaude, a prominent rock 11m high, lies about 0.2 mile W of the W extremity of Brecqhou.

Sark Mill, a disused mill, stands near the middle of the island, about 0.7 mile WSW of Point Robert. It surmounts the summit of Sark and is conspicuous. A prominent radio mast, 30m high, stands about 0.3 mile ENE of Sark Mill.

Pilcher Monument is situated on the W side of the island, about 0.5 mile WSW of Sark Mill. It stands on the N side of Longue Point and is conspicuous.

La Maseline Harbour, the main landing place of the island, lies 0.2 mile S of Point Robert. It is separated from Creux Harbour by a steep and rugged bluff. A jetty extends 45m from the shore at the S end of the harbor and has depths of 0.2 to 5.1m alongside its W side. Local knowledge is required.

Creux Harbour, which dries at MLWS, is located 0.4 mile S of Point Robert. It is protected by stone piers and used by local ferries and small craft. Local knowledge is required.

**Blanchard** (49°26'N., 2°18'W.), with a least depth of 1.4m, lies about 1.9 miles ESE of Point Robert. This rock forms the outermost danger in this vicinity is marked by a lighted buoy moored about 0.5 mile ESE of it.

(BA NP 27)

37/00

Page 68—Lines 1 to 2/R; strike out.

(NIMA)

37/00

Page 68—Lines 11 to 39/R; read:

of Bec du Nez. These anchorages lie about 0.6 mile E of the N extremity of Sark and can only be used in good weather,

with winds from between WSW and S.

The best deep-water anchorage, with a depth of 15m, is found about 0.7 mile SW of Bec du Nez and 0.4 mile N of the E end of Brecqhou.

(BA NP 27)

37/00

Page 68—Lines 45 to 57/R; read:

several detached rocky patches, with depths of 10.2 to 16.2m, lie near its S entrance. Grode Bank, with a least depth of 15m, lies near mid-channel, about 1.2 miles W of the W extremity of Brecqhou.

**Caution.**—An area of sandwaves, with a least depth of 9.4m, lies centered about 2 miles NW of Bec du Nez. The uneven bottom in this area and the tidal currents cause heavy ripples and dangerous seas in bad weather.

**Off-lying dangers.**—**Banc de la Schole** (49°35'N., 2°14'W.) lies about 9 miles NE of Sark. This shoal has a least depth of 2.7m at its W side and general depths of 4.9 to 19m, fine

(BA NP 27)

37/00

Page 69—Lines 1 to 14/L; strike out.

(NIMA)

37/00

Page 69—Lines 27 to 31/L; read:

middle island of the group. The Swinge leads between Alderney and Burhou.

**Tides—Currents.**—The tidal currents in the vicinity of the

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37/00

Page 69—Lines 42 to 53/L; strike out.

(NIMA)

37/00

Page 69—Lines 1 to 30/R; strike out.

(NIMA)

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