

UNITED STATES COAST PILOT CORRECTIONS

COAST PILOT 7 46 Ed 2014 19 JAN 2014
LAST NM 5/14

Chapter 14—Paragraph 1265; read:

¹²⁶⁵ **Johnston Atoll National Wildlife Refuge** encompasses all lands and waters within 12 miles from emergent land; the emergent land is currently under the administrative jurisdiction of the U.S. Air Force. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the U.S. Air Force and the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Johnston Atoll National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species and protect nesting seabirds, sea turtles, other sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/johnstonisland/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 15; read:

¹⁵ **Rose Atoll Marine National Monument** incorporates approximately 13,451 square miles within its boundaries, which extend 50 miles from the mean low water line of Rose Atoll. Permission is not required for innocent passage through these waters, however mariners should exercise extreme caution to avoid close proximity (within 1 mile) to reefs and emergent land, disturbance to wildlife, sensitive habitats, introduction of invasive species or accidental grounding. Commercial fishing is prohibited within the Monument (see 50 CFR 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/roseatollmarinemonument/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 16; read:

¹⁶ **Rose Atoll National Wildlife Refuge** encompasses all lands and waters within the mean low water line of the outer reef. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Rose Atoll National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/roseatoll/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 90; read:

⁹⁰ Kingman Reef is a U.S. possession and a National Wildlife Refuge under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wild Service. The refuge encomapasses all lands and waters within 12 miles from emergent land. The reef is also a Defensive Sea Area and Airspace Reservation and is closed

to the public. Kingman Reef National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/kingmanreef/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 94; read:

⁹⁴ Jarvis Island is a U.S. possession and a National Wildlife Refuge under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The refuge encompasses all lands and waters within 12 miles from emergent land. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Jarvis Island National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/jarvisisland/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 96; read:

⁹⁶ Baker Island is a U.S. possession and a National Wildlife Refuge under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The refuge encompasses all lands and waters within 12 miles from emergent land. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Baker Island National Wildlife Refuge is managed as highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/bakerisland/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 103; read:

¹⁰³ Howland Island is a U.S. possession and a National Wildlife Refuge under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The refuge encompasses all lands and waters within 12 miles from emergent land. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Howland Island National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/howlandisland/>.

(L 1170-2013) 7/14

Chapter 15—Paragraph 111; read:

¹¹¹ **Wake Atoll** is a U.S. possession administered by the Department of the Interior, through the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and activities on the atoll are managed by the U.S. Air Force. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service manages Wake Atoll as a National Wildlife Refuge that encompasses the lands and waters out to 12 miles from the mean low water line of the islands. Entry to the refuge is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) Wake Atoll National Wildlife Refuge is managed as a highly restricted marine reserve to prevent the introduction of invasive species, protect sensitive wildlife and coral reef habitats, and is subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/wakeatoll/>.

(L 1170-2013)

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Chapter 15—Paragraph 127; read:

¹²⁷ **Marianas Trench Marine National Monument** incorporates approximately 95,216 square miles and is comprised of the Trench, Volcanic and Island Units. Only the Islands Unit includes the waters as well as submerged lands out approximately 50 miles from the mean low water lines of the northernmost Mariana Islands of Farallon de Pajaros, Maug and Asuncion. The emergent lands of these three northern islands are not included in the monument and are under the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Permission is not required for innocent passage through these waters, however mariners should exercise extreme caution to avoid close proximity (within 1 mile) to reefs and emergent land, disturbance to wildlife, sensitive habitats, introduction of invasive species or accidental grounding. Commercial fishing is prohibited within the monument, however sustenance, recreational and traditional indigenous fishing within the Islands Unit is under consideration with a valid permit (See 50 CFR 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/marianatrenchmarinemonument/> and <http://www.fpir.noaa.gov/>.

(L 1170-2013)

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Chapter 15—Paragraph 128; read:

¹²⁸ **Mariana Trench National Wildlife Refuge** and **Mariana Arc of Fire National Wildlife Refuge** are units of the Marianas Trench Marine National Monument and include only the submerged lands but not the overlying water column. Entry to the refuges is strictly prohibited without prior approval from the Pacific Reefs National Wildlife Refuge Complex (See Appendix A, Department of Interior for address.) The refuges are managed as highly restricted marine reserves to protect sensitive deep-sea wildlife and geologic features of significant scientific interest, and are subject to Federal regulations (See 50 CFR

Parts 25-38 and 665). More information can be found at <http://www.fws.gov/marianatrench/> and <http://www.fws.gov/marianaarcoffire/>.

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Chapter 12—Paragraph 227; read:

⁽²²⁷⁾ **Lime Kiln Light** (48°30'57"N., 123°09'08"W.), 45 feet above the water, is shown from a 31 foot white octagonal tower attached to a building on the W side of San Juan Island. Two dwellings are about 150 yards SE of the light. Rocks awash lie close inshore about 1 mile SE of the light.

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Chapter 13—Paragraph 137; read:

⁽¹³⁷⁾ **Alki Point**, at the S entrance to Elliott Bay, is low with a small prominent wooded knoll about 80 feet high immediately back of it. E of the knoll, lowland extends for nearly 0.4 mile before rising to the high land extending S from Duwamish Head. **Alki Point Light** (47°34'35"N., 122°25'14"W.), 39 feet above the water, is shown from a 45-foot white octagonal tower attached to a building on the end of the point.

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